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## Mongolia Report

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3 May 1985

## MONGOLIA REPORT

## CONTENTS

## CURRENT ISSUES

UNEN Article on Racial Discrimination Cited (MONTSAME, 22 Mar 85).....	1
Lubsangombo Discusses Capital Construction Plan (MONTSAME, 23 Mar 85).....	2
UNEN Article on Lao Anniversary Cited (MONTSAME, 23 Mar 85).....	3
UNEN Article Denounces U.S. Star Wars Plan (MONTSAME, 12 Apr 85).....	4
MONTSAME Decries Youth Conference in Jamaica (MONTSAME, 15 Apr 85).....	5
UN Envoy Interviewed on Victory Anniversary (MONTSAME, 15 Apr 85).....	6

## INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS

Truong Chinh Meets Dugersuren; Visa Accord Signed (MONTSAME, 21 Mar 85).....	8
Mongolia, Society, USSR Sign Joint Action Program (MONTSAME, 22 Mar 85).....	9
Report on International Youth Year (MONTSAME, 22 Mar 85).....	10
Criminal Policy of Apartheid Condemned (MONTSAME, 23 Mar 85).....	11
Conference Held Honoring People's Revolutionary Party (MONTSAME, 23 Mar 85).....	12

Briefs

Delegation to IPU Conference	13
MSZMP Congress	13
Delhi OANA Conference	13
Lenin Birthday Celebration	13
New PRK Envoy	13

NATIONAL AFFAIRS

Briefs

Time Change Decision	14
----------------------	----

AGRICULTURE

Cattle Breeders Tasked With Overcoming Setbacks (MONTSAME, 29 Mar 85).....	15
---	----

SOCIOLOGICAL AFFAIRS

Writers' Union Marks Tsebegmid's 70th Birthday (MONTSAME, 23 Mar 85).....	16
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CURRENT ISSUES

UNEN ARTICLE ON RACIAL DISCRIMINATION CITED

Ulan Bator MONTSAME in English 1712 GMT 22 Mar 85

[Text] The elimination of the vestiges of colonialism and the policy of racial discrimination and apartheid are part and parcel of the struggle of the peoples for peace and social progress, the national daily UNEN writes in an article devoted to the international day of struggle for the elimination of racial discrimination.

The organ of the MPRP CC and the Mongolian Government notes that during the last 25 years 17 African states have gained independence throwing off the colonial fetters. However, the policy of colonialism and racial discrimination is still dominating in the Republic of South Africa and a number of Western countries. The attempts of international imperialism to stick to this misanthropic policy seriously threaten peace and security of the nations, the paper stresses.

The Mongolian People's Revolutionary Party and the Government of the MPR have always been and are on the side of the peoples fighting for their national and social rights, for independence and freedom, against imperialist yoke. Mongolia was one of the first to back the Soviet initiatives aimed at the complete elimination of the policy of apartheid and racial discrimination, the daily underscores.

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CURRENT ISSUES

LUBSANGOMBO DISCUSSES CAPITAL CONSTRUCTION PLAN

OW260513 Ulaanbaatar MONTSAME in Russian 1448 GMT 23 Mar 85

[Text] Ulaanbaatar, 23 Mar (MONTSAME)--Capital construction is the front line in the struggle for creating the material and technical base of socialism in the MPR, writes Sonomyn Lubsangombo, candidate member of the MPRP Central Committee Politburo and deputy chairman of the MPR Council of Ministers, in today's UNEN. In the first 4 years of the Seventh 5-Year Plan period, capital construction amounted to 16.7 billion tugriks, and the value of construction and installation work for this period reached 10.2 billion tugriks. In 1985, 75 percent of capital investments has been directed to projects under construction, the author of the article stresses.

Discussing in detail the key problems of capital construction in the MPR, S. Lubsangombo notes that the efficient use of these enormous funds directly affects the basic indicators of the country's economic development. The resolution "On Measures To Improve the Planning and Financing of Capital Construction," adopted last year by the MPRP Central Committee and the MPR Council of Ministers, plays an important role in increasing the responsibility of all levels of organizations participating in the development and fulfillment of the capital construction plan, increasing the efficiency of capital investments, and strengthening plan discipline.

Strict fulfillment of adopted plans and contract pledges by customers, contractors, and supply organizations and the establishment of clear businesslike interaction between them are of primary importance for the successful realization of the capital construction plan, the article stresses.

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CURRENT ISSUES

UNEN ARTICLE ON LAO ANNIVERSARY CITED

Ulan Bator MONTSAME in English 1707 GMT 23 Mar 85

[Text] The stimulation of the struggle of the Lao people against imperialism, colonialism, for freedom and independence of the country, and the victory of the national-democratic revolution in 1975 and the creation of the Lao People's Democratic Republic are the real fruits of the wise policy pursued by the People's Revolutionary Party of Laos, the national daily UNEN writes in an article devoted to the 30th anniversary of the PRPL.

The 3d PRPL Congress held in 1982 set forth the tasks of building socialism in the country and strengthening its defence potential and approved basic guidelines of the First Five-Year Plan of socioeconomic development of the Lao People's Democratic Republic.

The international prestige of the LPDR is ever-growing as a result of the successful implementation of the party's peaceloving foreign policy together with fraternal Vietnam and Kampuchea the LPDR is coming out for establishing goodneighbourly relations with all countries, for turning Southeast Asia into a zone of peace and stability giving a resolute rebuff to the encroachments of imperialist and hegemonist forces.

The Mongolian people warmly appreciate and welcome the successes and achievements of the Lao people and are firmly convinced that the relations of friendship and cooperation will strengthen and expand in future in accordance with the 1979 Treaty of Friendship and Cooperation between the MPR and the LPDR in the interests of peace and socialism, the article notes.

CSO: 1819/53

3 May 1985

## CURRENT ISSUES

## UNEN ARTICLE DENOUNCES U.S. STAR WARS PLAN

OW171031 Ulaanbaatar MONTSAME in Russian 1348 GMT 12 Apr 85

[Text] Ulaanbaatar, 12 Apr (MONTSAME)--Yuriy Gagarin, famous son of the Soviet people, pioneered the way into space exactly 24 years ago on 12 April 1961. The conquest of outer space became a major achievement of our century and opened up before mankind immense possibilities of progress. The main task of Soviet scientists and cosmonauts is to use outer space for peaceful purposes and for the benefit of mankind, UNEN writes today.

Today the threat of outer space being transformed into a new sphere of the arms race due to the so-called "Star Wars" plan nurtured in the United States, rouses more and more anxiety among the peoples of the world, the MPRP Central Committee organ underlines. By calling its dangerous plan a "Strategic Defense Initiative" and strongly advocating its supposedly "defensive nature," the U.S. administration is attempting to mislead the world public. The antimissile defense system incorporating space-based elements that is being created in the United States is really an offensive weapon, a "shield" provide an opportunity to deliver nuclear strikes unpunished, the paper notes.

In the United States they maintain that the "Star Wars" program is only in the experimental stage. However, as the NEW YORK DAILY NEWS writes, for the population of Kwajalein atoll, which is part of the Marshall Islands and under U.S. trusteeship, the threat of "Star Wars" has become a real danger. Testing of the antimissile defense system is well underway on the territory of the atoll.

According to the Italian newspaper STAMPA, by the beginning of the 1990's the United States will be able to carry out 95 percent of the work needed to create space weapons, UNEN writes.

Washington's plans for the militarization of outer space must be stopped. Space and cosmonautics should serve the progress of civilization on earth, and not its annihilation.

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CURRENT ISSUES

MONTSAME DECRIES YOUTH CONFERENCE IN JAMAICA

OW160441 Ulaanbaatar MONTSAME in English 1729 GMT 15 Apr 85

[Text] Ulaanbaatar, 15 Apr (MONTSAME)--The propaganda farce staged in Jamaica under the title "Conference of the Free World Youth" contradicted the tasks of the International Youth Year proclaimed by the United Nations organization and the goals of the struggle of the world youth for peace, democracy and progress, First Secretary of Ulaanbaatar MRYU City Committee T. Batsukh said in an interview with a MONTSAME correspondent.

T. Batsukh pointed out that the initiator of the "conference" in Jamaica was American CIA, which seeks to hinder in every way possible the active preparations of youth organization of different countries for the 12th world youth and students' festival in Moscow. From the very beginning, this propaganda show was planned as a "counterbalance" to the Moscow youth forum and as a provocative act aimed at splitting the world youth and festival movements. Logically enough the "conference" in Kingston suffered a failure. According to press reports, while discussing the so-called "final declaration" many delegates disagreed with the role of U.S. puppets imposed upon them, and achieved the adoption of separate resolutions which condemned the U.S.-supported apartheid regime in South Africa and urged the United States to conduct a just economic policy in relation to developing countries, T. Batsukh noted.

CSO: 1819/53

CURRENT ISSUES

UN ENVOY INTERVIEWED ON VICTORY ANNIVERSARY

OW160513 Ulaanbaatar MONTSAME in English 1733 GMT 15 Apr 85

[Text] Ulaanbaatar, 15 Apr (MONTSAME)—In an interview granted in connection with the 40 years of the great victory over fascism, MPR permanent representative to the United Nations organization Gendengiyn Nyamdoo said that this event was a triumph of liberation holding place next to Great October Socialist Revolution by its historic significance. The major contribution to this victory was made by the Soviet Union. The Soviet Union, and its armed forces, had borne the brunt of the war thus deciding its outcome in this way. The Soviet Union fulfilled its internationalist duty before mankind with flying colours.

The victory of the Soviet people in the Great Patriotic War entailed great changes in the correlation of forces in the international arena such as the foundation of the world socialist system, the growth of the world communist and workers' movement, the deepening of the overall crisis of capitalism, the disintegration of the colonial system, the speeding up of the world revolutionary process and a greater awareness among nations of the necessity to fight for peace.

The bourgeois ideologists do not want to accept this truth. They are doggedly seeking to belittle the significance of the victory over fascism as a severe warning to aggressive forces of international imperialism. The experience of the most destructive war teaches much. It is necessary to fight against war before it breaks out. Concerted and active actions of peace-loving forces are essential. This principal lesson of World War II is especially topical today. It is of an exclusively important significance for preserving universal peace.

The Soviet Union and the other socialist countries are doing their utmost to safeguard peace and prevent nuclear catastrophe, G. Nyamdoo underscored. They set forth constructive proposals aimed at ensuring universal peace, curbing the arms race and at preventing the militarization of space. In this connection the Mongolian representative pinpointed the timeliness of the proposal advanced by the Soviet leader M. S. Gorbachev in his interview with a PRAVDA editor that the Soviet Union and the United States would introduce a moratorium on the development including scientific researches, testing and deployment of space strike weapons and freeze their strategic weapons for the period the Soviet-American talks in Geneva are conducted.

The Soviet Union has once again vividly demonstrated its good-will for creating favourable conditions for the success of the Soviet-American talks on space and

nuclear armaments having introduced a unilateral moratorium on the deployment of its medium-range missiles and suspension of their retaliatory measures in Europe up to November 1985.

Our country welcomes and supports that and other Soviet proposals and actively promotes their realization. In recent time the Mongolian People's Republic has initiated two important proposals--to work out and sign a convention on mutual nonaggression and nonuse of force in relations among the states of Asia and the Pacific and to declare universally the right of peoples to peace. In this the MPR is guided by the aspiration to make its contribution to the common cause of the socialist countries, to the consolidation of international peace and security, G. Nyamdoo.

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INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS

TRUONG CHINH MEETS DUGERSUREN; VISA ACCORD SIGNED

OW220354 Ulaanbaatar MONTSAME in Russian 1457 GMT 21 Mar 85

[Text] Ulaanbaatar, 21 Mar (MONTSAME)--On 20 March M. Dugersuren, MPR minister of foreign affairs--who is in the SRV on an official friendly visit at the invitation of the Vietnamese Government--was received by Truong Chinh, member of the CPV Central Committee Political Bureau and chairman of the SRV State Council.

A friendly talk was held with the participation of Nguyen Co Thach, SRV minister of foreign affairs, and other officials, as well as G. Adiyaa, MPR ambassador to the SRV.

On the same day G. Adiyaa, MPR ambassador to the SRV, and Vo Dong Giang, special minister of state of the SRV Ministry of Foreign Affairs, signed an agreement between the MPR and SRV Governments on conditions for reciprocal visits without visas by (?citizens). M. Dugersuren, MPR minister of foreign affairs, and Nguyen Co Thach, SRV minister of foreign affairs, were present at the signing of the agreement.

[Word indistinct] M. Dugersuren laid a wreath at the mausoleum of President Ho Chi Minh.

CSO: 1819/53

INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS

MONGOLIA, SOCIETY, USSR SIGN JOINT ACTION PROGRAM

OW251301 Ulaanbaatar MONTSAME in English 1722 GMT 22 Mar 85

[Text] Ulaanbaatar, 22 Mar (MONTSAME)--A programme of joint action for 1985 was signed between the Central Council of Mongolian-Soviet Friendship Society and the Soviet Embassy in the MPR. The document was signed by D. Tsebegmid, deputy chairman of the MPR Council of Ministers, deputy chairman of the Central Council of Mongolian-Soviet Friendship Society and S. P. Pavlov, ambassador of the USSR to the MPR.

The programme envisages a wide range of activities in anticipation of the 40th anniversary of the great victory over fascism and militarism and also measures to promote the further strengthening of traditional friendship and close cooperation between the Mongolian and Soviet peoples.

CSO: 1819/53

INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS

REPORT ON INTERNATIONAL YOUTH YEAR

Ulan Bator MONTSAME in English 1700 GMT 22 Mar 85

[Text] The United Nations organization has declared 1985 as the International Youth Year. Within the framework of the activities of this year, the progressive youth of our globe closes its ranks in the common struggle for establishing lasting peace throughout the world and for warding off the target of nuclear war. The youth organizations of the fraternal socialist countries are in the vanguard of this struggle, says the statement issued by the Central Committee of the Mongolian Revolutionary Youth Union and the Federation of Mongolian Students.

However, the document goes on to say, reactionary and imperialist forces headed by the United States and their minions are trying in every way possible to use the activities of the International Youth Year for their mercenary purposes against socialism, this is evidenced by the preparations of U.S. ruling circles for the so-called "World Youth Art Festival" and "a conference of the youth of the free world."

The Central Committee of the Mongolian Revolutionary Youth Union and the Federation of Mongolian Students resolutely condemn these actions as running counter to the principles and traditions of the World Democratic Youth Movement and as having the objective of splitting its ranks and belittling the prestige of the World Federation of Democratic Youth and the International Union of Students and regard all this as provocative actions designed to prevent the 12th World Youth and Students' Festival from being held, the statement stresses.

The motto of the 12th festival "for anti-imperialist solidarity, peace and friendship" explicitly expresses its idea and content. At present there have been set up and are at work national preparatory committees in 110 countries of the world, thus it demonstrates the prestige and the magnitude of the highest forum of the world youth and of the entire festival movement.

The Moscow festival is significant that it is being held in the year of the 40th anniversary of the great historic victory over fascist Germany and Japanese militarism. The MRYU members, the entire youth of Mongolia like all progressive youth of the world are firmly convinced that the 12th World Festival will make a tangible contribution to the struggle for peace, security, democracy and social progress of nations, for strengthening the unity and mutual understanding of the youth of the world, against the threat of nuclear war, the document says.

INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS

CRIMINAL POLICY OF APARTHEID CONDEMNED

Ulan Bator MONTSAME in English 1713 GMT 23 Mar 85

[Text] Mongolia condemns the criminal policy of apartheid pursued by the racists regime of the Republic of South Africa and supports all resolutions of the UN General Assembly and the Security Council concerning the apartheid policy of the Republic of South Africa. It is said in a letter of the MPR representative to the UNO circulated in New York in response to the request by the UN Secretary General to all UN member states to give an account of their positions on that particular problem.

Mongolia, the document goes on to say, renders consistent support to the peoples of South Africa, Namibia and to the national-liberation movements of South Africa in their just struggle against the South African apartheid regime, for their freedom and independence. Mongolia condemns certain NATO countries who are encouraging the racist regime by maintaining and expanding economic, military and other kind of cooperation with Pretoria. [Phrase indistinct] convinced that it is necessary to take more effective measures for earliest and complete elimination of apartheid.

The letter of the MPR permanent representative to the UNO has been circulated in New York as an official document of the UN Security Council.

CSO: 1819/53

INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS

CONFERENCE HELD HONORING PEOPLE'S REVOLUTIONARY PARTY

Ulan Bator MONTSAME in English 1703 GMT 23 Mar 85

[Text] A scientific conference was held in honour of the 30th anniversary of the foundation of the People's Revolutionary Party of Laos (PRPL). It was sponsored by the Institute of Social Sciences and the higher party school attached to the MPRP Central Committee.

Deputy Director of the Institute J. Roson made a keynote speech. He stressed in particular that the PRPL was the genuine vanguard of the Lao communists and the entire Lao people in carrying out radical socioeconomic transformations in Laos. He pointed out that considerable achievements were gained in this field: the state sector has been set up, the private sector has been taken under the state control, all private banks have been nationalized and the cooperatives and state farms are developing rapidly in agriculture. National in form and socialist in content culture is being formed in the country and the country's national economy is developing on the planned basis, J. Roson said.

The speaker noted with satisfaction that the People's Revolutionary Party of Laos consistently abides by the foreign policy course for strengthening fraternal relations with socialist countries including the Mongolian People's Republic in line with the principles of Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism.

CSO: 1819/53



INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS

BRIEFS

DELEGATION TO IPU CONFERENCE--Ulaanbaatar, 21 Mar (MONTSAME)--A Mongolian parliamentary group delegation headed by E. Gyambajab, secretary of the Executive Committee of the group and chairman of the MPR State Committee for Prices and standards, left here today. The delegation will take part in the work of the 73d IPU Conference. [Text] [Ulaanbaatar MONTSAME in Russian 1509 GMT 21 Mar 85]

MSZMP CONGRESS--Ulaanbaatar, 23 Mar (MONTSAME)--A party delegation led by T. Namsray, Politbureau member and secretary of the MPRP Central Committee, has left Ulaanbaatar for Budapest to take part in the 13th congress of the Hungarian Socialist Workers' Party [MSZMP] at the invitation of the MSZMP Central Committee. [Text] [Ulaanbaatar MONTSAME in English 1711 GMT 23 Mar 85]

DELHI OANA CONFERENCE--Ulaanbaatar, 23 Mar (MONTSAME)--Chairman of the MPR State Committee for Information, Broadcasting and Television, general director of the Mongolian News Agency (MONTSAME) L. Dzantab has left Ulaanbaatar for New Delhi to participate in the 6th general assembly of the Organization of News Agencies of the Countries of Asia and the Pacific (OANA). [Text] [Ulaanbaatar MONTSAME in English 1717 GMT 23 Mar 85]

LENIN BIRTHDAY CELEBRATION--Ulaanbaatar, 23 Mar (MONTSAME)--The day of Traditional Communist Subbotnik (voluntary unpaid work done on days-off) will be organized in Mongolia on 21 April in anticipation of the 115th birth anniversary of V. I. Lenin. A great deal of work will be done on this day throughout Mongolia for town improvement including planting trees and shrubs. This day all industrial enterprises of the country will be working, and the majority of them will produce their output using saved materials and energy. It is worth mentioning that last year, on the day of Communist Subbotnik, the country's industry turned out products worth 23 million turgiks. It is 4.6 million turgiks more than that produced on ordinary working day. [Text] [Ulaanbaatar MONTSAME in English 1718 GMT 23 Mar 85]

NEW PRK ENVOY--Ulaanbaatar, 26 Mar (MONTSAME)--Ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the MPR to the People's Republic of Kampuchea (PRK) G. Adiyaa has presented his credentials to chairman of the State Council of the PRK Heng Samrin. [Text] [Ulaanbaatar MONTSAME in English 1730 GMT 26 Mar 85]

NATIONAL AFFAIRS

BRIEFS

TIME CHANGE DECISION--Ulaanbaatar, 29 Mar (MONTSAME)--Today's UNEN reports on the MPR Council of Ministers decision on the change to summer time which will be implemented on the evening of 30 March this year for the entire territory of the MPR. [Text] [Ulaanbaatar MONTSAME in Russian 1435 GMT 29 Mar 85]

CSO: 1819/53

AGRICULTURE

CATTLE BREEDERS TASKED WITH OVERCOMING SETBACKS

OW010909 Ulaanbaatar MONTSAME in English 1720 GMT 29 Mar 85

[Text] Ulaanbaatar, 29 Mar (MONTSAME)--The task of the country's livestock breeders in 1985 is to deliver and rear 9.2 million head of young stock. By 20 March, over 2.5 million head of young stock have been delivered and now are being reared successfully.

The 18th party congress has set forth the task of increasing livestock population by 4-5 percent by the end of the current five years and to rear an average over 9 million head of youngstock per year. The assigned targets in the first two years were fulfilled. But in the subsequent two years the cattle breeders failed to cope with their plans due to unfavourable weather conditions and, above all, as experts believe, because of setbacks in making better arrangements for the delivery of young stock.

That's why a responsible task is set for the Mongolian livestock breeders to catch up what was lost and eliminate losses in livestock.

CSO: 1819/53

SOCIOLOGICAL AFFAIRS

WRITERS' UNION MARKS TSEBEGMID'S 70TH BIRTHDAY

OW260359 Ulaanbaatar MONTSAME in Russian 1441 GMT 23 Mar 85

[Text] Ulaanbaatar, 24 Mar (MONTSAME)--The Mongolian public is widely marking the 70th birthday of Dondogiyn Tsebegmid, outstanding public and state figure and well-known scientist and writer. The greeting to the jubilarian by the Secretariat of the Board of the Mongolian Writers' Union notes that "for more than half a century of energetic and creative activity, you have, through tireless work, made a great contribution to educating many generations of men of letters and readers. You are a renowned veteran of contemporary Mongolian literature, a representative of the advanced revolutionary intelligentsia, and one of the first educators and scientists of Mongolia to have played an active part in implementing the cultural revolution in the country."

"Do you think life is ours forever. Sooner or later death will come.... I know that I will meet it fighting for the revolution and the people!" These lines, from D. Tsebegmid's poem "At the Grave," are the vital and creative credo of the writer. To his talented pen belong such well-known works as the stories "Pupil Ganbat," "Bold and Sambu," and "Shepherd Naydan"; a story in verse "alagday," travel notes "in the Trans-Altay Gobi," the poem "At the Grave," and the novel "In 5 Years' Time," which have become outstanding events in the history of contemporary Mongolian literature.

Dondogiyn Tsebegmid, doctor of biological sciences and corresponding member of the MPR Academy of Sciences, was rector of the Mongolian State University, MPR first deputy minister of foreign affairs, and has engaged in diplomatic work. Since 1972, he has been a deputy chairman of the MPR Council of Ministers.

For his energetic and creative activities, D. Tsebegmid has been awarded the title "MPR Merited Teacher," has been awarded two Orders of Sukhe Bator and other MPR orders and medals, and is a holder of the Soviet Order of the Labor Red Banner and the Bulgarian "Order of Kiril i Metodiy." The WPC awarded him the "Joliot-Curie Gold Medal."

[Signed] S. Bayar

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